

The genus *Rhizopogon* in Finland. I. *R. abietis* and *R. ochraceorubens*

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Rhizopogon abietis A. H. Smith and *R. ochraceorubens* A. H. Smith are recorded for the first time for Finland. Both species should be considered as threatened in Europe. New collections of *R. roseolus* (Corda) Th. Fr. have been studied.

Key words: Basidiomycotina, hypogeous, threatened fungi

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Introduction

Twenty two *Rhizopogon* species have been accepted in Europe (Martín 1996a; Martín & Calonge 2000). According to our database (Martín 1996b), the 218 collections from Finland belong to four species: *R. luteolus* Fr. & Nordholm (26 collections), *R. marchii* (Bres.) Zeller & Dodge (1), *R. occidentalis* Zeller & Dodge (5) and *R. roseolus* (Corda) Th. Fr. (184). Two species described by Karsten (1886, 1889), *R. borealis* Karst. and *R. lapponicus* Karst. are synonymous with *R. roseolus* (Corda) Th. Fr. ss. Martín (1996 a). Additional materials studied revealed many more collections of *R. roseolus*, but three collections belong to two rare species in Europe: *R. abietis* A.H. Smith and *R. ochraceorubens* A.H. Smith.

Material and methods

Voucher collections at the OULU Herbarium have been examined. The co-ordinates are given according to the Finnish national uniform grid system (Grid 27°E).

Results

Rhizopogon abietis A. H. Smith

Specimen examined: Lapponia kemensis. Pelkosenniemi, Tiermaskaarrot S, Lauttalamminkumpu, dryish stand (*Vaccinium myrtillus*, pine), campfire site, 7433: 536, 7.VIII.1994 Ulla Nummela-Salo & Pertti Salo (OULU F66868).

This is the first Finnish record of *R. abietis*. This species can macroscopically be confused with *R. roseolus* (Corda) Th. Fr. However, two microscopic characters help to identify this species: the peridium with hyphae forming a loosely interwoven weft, and the truncate spores. The material studied shows that many spores have lost the perispore, probably due to stress conditions.

Few collections of this species have been found in Europe (Martín 1996a): Austria (1), Denmark (1), France (1), Italy (1), Spain (6/3 localities) and Sweden (3/3 localities). The Finnish locality is situated in Vuotos area, which is in danger to become drowned because of the construction

plans of a reservoir. This species should be classified as threatened (rare) and its area conserved.

Rhizopogon ochraceorubens A. H. Smith

Specimens examined: Regio kuusamoënsis. Posio, Livojärvi, lower S slope of hill Kiurusenvaara, paludified eutrophic mixed forest (*Picea*, *Pinus*, *Juniperus*, *Salix*), several large groups, 7324:555, alt. 275 m, 5.VIII.1979 *Tauno Ulvinen* (OULU F66867). Lapponia sompiensis. Pelkosenniemi, Suvanto SW, slope along the river Kitinen, 4 km W of the farm of Korpela, rich paludified mixed forest (*Betula*, *Picea*, *Pinus*), 7453: 506, 25.IX.1994 *Esteri Ohenoja*.

This is the first Finnish record of *R. ochraceorubens*. The microscopic characters that separate this species from others with *corsicus*-type peridium (hyphal packet arranged in two directions and mixed with globose cells) are the numerous patches of red pigments distributed along the peridium hyphae. The spores are truncate. Among the species mentioned in Martín (1996a), this is the only one with an atlantic distribution (Belgium, Netherlands, Norway, United Kingdom, Sweden). This species should be classified as threatened (rare) in Europe.

Rhizopogon roseolus (Corda) Th. Fr.

Specimens examined: Nylandia. Helsinki, Kallahti, Rivelinniemi, margin of pine forest along sea shore, 6676:397, 26.IX.1994 *Ulla Nummela-Salo & Pertti Salo*. Ostrobotnia kajanensis. Kuhmo, Kellojärvi, Niittylahti N, on shore of a small bay, in the sand, 71318: 5995, 31.VII.1984 *Kalevi Takala* 14335. Ostrobotnia ouluensis. Oulu, Kuivasjärvi, Lopakkaselkä, along the road to Kalikkalampi, grassy and mossy path in a spruce forest of *Vaccinium vitis-idaea* site type with *Pinus sylvestris*, 72199: 4309, 21.VII.1970/1 *Martti Ohenoja*; Tynvä, 719:43, 1992 *Leena Nevanperä*. Ostrobotnia ultima. Kemi, Ajos, by the road side on sandy ground, 7289:388, alt. 5 m, 22-IX-1984, 19.X.1985 *Marjatta Kamula*. Lapponia sompiensis. Pelkosenniemi, Suvanto NW, N shore of the river Kitinen at Kalkkipahta, dry pine-dominated forest on calcareous ground, 74553:5039, alt. 163 m, 2.IX.1991 *Esteri Ohenoja* (OULU F66866); Pelkosenniemi, Syväljärvi W, Ahven-

lammet E, dry pine stand in sand, 7451: 524, 25.VIII.1994 *Ulla Nummela-Salo & Pertti Salo*; Pelkosenniemi, Sokanaapa, Syväljärvi W, Ahvenlampi SE, dry pine stand, 7450:524, 12.IX.1994 *Ulla Nummela-Salo & Pertti Salo*.

R. roseolus is a ubiquitous species and the most common one in Europe. Its shows a great variety of peridium colour: pure white when young, then yellow to rouge purple. When rubbed, the peridium even in white and yellow basidiomes becomes red to deep purple.

Smith and Zeller (1966) discussed whether the two *R. roseolus* (Corda) ss. A. H. Smith from Idaho (USA) belong to *R. roseolus* (Corda) Th. Fr. known from Europe. We studied the Smith collection 65485 and found it to be *R. roseolus* (Corda) Th. Fr. Currently, we have undertaken the molecular analysis based on comparison of sequences obtained from 18S, ITS regions and 28S of rDNA, which will reveal if there are differences between collections from Europe and from the United States.

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